

SA River Murray Flow Report



Report #15/2024

Issued 12.00pm 12 April 2024

This supersedes the previous Flow Report issued by the Department for Environment and Water (DEW) on 5 Apr 2024. The next Flow Report will be provided on Friday 19 April 2024.

Flow outlook



The flow at the South Australian border is approximately 8 GL/day and will decrease to around 6 GL/day over the coming week **depending on river operations**.

The current flow at the border comprises the full April Entitlement Flow (4.5 GL/day), water for the environment and interstate trade adjustments.

The flow over Lock 1 is approximately 4 GL/day and the flow over the coming week will increase to around 7 GL/day.

It is important to note that flow forecasts in this advice are based on the information available at the time of preparation. Advice may change as new gauging information becomes available or due to rainfall events or changed operations upstream.

Water levels

Current water levels are updated daily and can be found on [WaterConnect](#).

Upstream flows

More information on upstream conditions and forecasts can be found in the [Murray-Darling Basin Authority's Weekly Flow Report](#).

Murray Mouth

Dredging operations at the Murray Mouth continue after resuming on 27 November 2023 after a break of just over a year due to high flows scouring sand out of the mouth. Dredging is undertaken to maintain connectivity (exchange of water) between the Coorong and the Southern Ocean. Dredging is currently being undertaken with a single large dredge which is operating 12 hours a day for 5 days a week.

Barrage releases, combined with dredging, help to maintain flow connectivity of the River Murray Channel to the Murray Mouth and assist in exporting salt from the river system.

Exclusion Zones established around the dredging operations are in place to ensure public safety. Refer to [Notice to Mariners No 61 of 2023](#).

Barrage operations and water levels in the Lower Lakes

The water level in Lake Alexandrina is approximately 0.58 m AHD and Lake Albert is approximately 0.56 m AHD. The difference is due to wind effects.

The Lower Lakes are being managed to target a daily average lake level between 0.55 m AHD to 0.65 m AHD during April 2024.

During adverse weather conditions, SA Water will operate the barrages to minimise the risk of seawater entering Lake Alexandrina, therefore minimising any negative salinity impacts from reverse flow events.

Gate openings at the barrages can now be viewed on [Water Data SA – Barrage dashboard](#).

Total daily flow releases from the barrages can also be found on [Water Data SA – Flows dashboard](#)

River Murray River Vessel Waste Disposal Stations

The Lock 3 River Vessel Waste Disposal Station has been out of commission since January 2020 due to a significant infrastructure failure. The nearest alternative waste facility is located at Waikerie. Normal boat hard waste (domestic or galley waste) can still be deposited at the Lock 3 facility at the present time.

Goolwa RVWDS Portaloo unit is currently out of service. The closest Portaloo disposal facilities are available at no charge at Coorong Quays, Hindmarsh Island by contacting them on 8555 7300. The remainder of the station is operating as normal. Updates will be provided as further information becomes available.

A new operator for the Upper Murray RVWDS has been contracted, Riverland Tank and Drain Cleaners. If you need any assistance at any of the Upper Murray RVWDS stations (Morgan, Waikerie, Loxton, Berri, Renmark and Lock 6) please ring them directly on 8102 0998. This direct number is a temporary arrangement as the 1800 number is being updated.

Due to an event organised by the River Murray Boat Owners Association Inc between the 7th and 16th April 2024, the RVWDS at Morgan, Waikerie, Lock3 and Loxton may be busier than usual.

You can report any River Vessel Waste Disposal Station issues on 1800 799 065.

If you have any questions, please contact the DEW Engagement Team on DEW.WIOCommunications@sa.gov.au

Lower River Murray levees intermediate remediation funding

The Federal and State Governments have announced \$17.1 million in funding to undertake intermediate remediation works for government-owned levees in the Lower Murray Reclaimed Irrigation Area (LMRIA) that were damaged in the 2022-23 River Murray flood event.

The intermediate remediation works will bolster the stabilisation works, which began in March 2023 to enable dewatering of inundated agricultural areas and will support the protection of the region's economically significant agricultural land and floodplain infrastructure in the event of future high flows.

In addition to the \$17.1 million jointly-funded Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangement funding, the South Australian Government has allocated \$14.2 million in state funds for intermediate remediation works to privately-owned LMRIA levees.

Condition assessments of the levees will inform the development of a longer-term resilience strategy for government- and privately-owned levees within the LMRIA. This strategy will also be underpinned by consultation and engagement with the region's relevant stakeholders.

The Department for Environment and Water will continue to work closely with the LMRIA landholders, irrigation trusts and community members in progressing the intermediate remediation works.

Public access to Lower Murray Reclaimed Irrigation Area Levees

All government-owned levee banks along the Lower Murray from Mannum to Wellington continue to remain closed to public access until full condition assessments of the levees are undertaken and levees are deemed safe for public access. Recreational activities along the levee banks, such as walking, cycling and fishing are not allowed.

The government-owned levee banks are Cowirra, Neeta, Wall Flat, Pompoota, Mypolonga, Mobilong, Burdett, Long Flat, Monteith and Jervois.

Privately-owned levees along the Lower Murray are managed and maintained by private landowners and access to their levee banks is at the landholder's discretion. In addition, access to private levee banks where the department is undertaking reinforcement of levee stabilisation work is not permitted.

If you have any questions, please contact Lisa van der Linde, Communications and Engagement Officer on 0437 313 087 or Lisa.vanderlinde@sa.gov.au

Environmental water delivery

SA is currently receiving approximately 1 GL/day of water for the environment from releases from Lake Victoria. This is expected to continue through April. This water is being provided by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder (CEWH) and will support the maintenance of water levels in the Lower Lakes and barrage outflows to the Coorong.

Planning for the delivery of water for the environment in 2024-25 is underway. This includes considering options for weir pool manipulation and the need for operations of Chowilla, Pike and Katarapko floodplain regulators. This will be informed by the outcomes of environmental monitoring, consultation, River Murray flows and environmental water availability. Planning is also underway for the delivery of enhanced flows to South Australia during spring.

Environmental news – Tadpole surveys

DEW conducted tadpole surveys at sites influenced by weir pool manipulation in November of 2023. Tadpoles were in relatively low abundance but dominated by *Limnodynastes* species (Banjo, Spotted Marsh, and Long-thumbed Frogs) and the eastern sign-bearing froglet.

Plenty of native fish, shrimp and yabbies were also recorded.

The native fish species caught included unspotted hardyhead, carp gudgeon, bony bream, dwarf flatheaded gudgeon and flatheaded gudgeon, Australian smelt and Murray-Darling rainbowfish. Juvenile carp were captured in very low numbers.



Photos: DEW ecologists conducting tadpole surveys. Photo credit: Casey O'Brien, DEW.

Water quality

Algal blooms within SA

A **Water Quality Alert for Lake Alexandrina** issued by SA Health remains current due to elevated levels of potentially harmful blue green algae present in the lake. This alert and other information can be found on the [SA Health website – Water Quality Alerts page](#).

Water samples taken at several locations in Lake Alexandrina have detected high levels of *Cylindrospermopsis*, a type of blue-green algae (cyanobacteria) which is potentially harmful to humans and animals.

The Water Quality Alert for Lake Alexandrina advises the public to avoid ingestion or contact with water in the lake, including the avoidance of recreational activities. The Water Quality Alert advises that water sampled from Lake Albert indicates some algae are present, however this does not currently pose a health risk.

DEW and SA Water will continue to monitor the location and movement of the algae. Barrage operations are being modified to encourage the discharge of algae through the mouth and away from populated areas.

Some level of blue-green algae on a large open water body like the River Murray is normal for this time of year when weather conditions are favourable for growth. Blooms can be transient and their location and severity can be affected by a range of factors including wind direction, air and water temperatures and degree of water movement. SA Health encourages people to avoid contact with obvious green discoloured water as it may have health impacts.

SA Health and DEW will continue to monitor the situation and provide further advice and information to the public as conditions evolve.

Algal blooms upstream of SA

A number of current alerts for blue-green algae have been issued by upstream authorities. They include:

- Lake Victoria at Outlet Regulator (**Amber alert**)
- River Murray at Lock 8 (**Amber alert**)
- River Murray at Fort Courage (**Amber alert**)
- River Murray at Curlwaa (**Amber alert**)
- River Murray at Merbein (**Amber alert**)
- River Murray at Buronga (**Amber alert**)
- Darling River at Pomona Boat Ramp (**Red alert**)
- Darling River upstream Pomona (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Tapio (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Ellerslie (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Burtundy (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Pooncarie (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Tolarno (**Red alert**)
- Darling River at Menindee Weir 32 (**Red alert**)
- Great Darling Anabranch at Silver City Highway (**Red alert**)

More information on current alerts upstream can be found on the [WaterNSW website – Algae Alerts page](#).

Salinity

Salinity levels throughout the River Murray in South Australia are within their typical range. Nonetheless, it is possible that some irrigators may record higher salinity readings at isolated locations. These higher readings are more likely to be observed at the bottom of the water column.

Irrigators are encouraged to monitor the [daily salinity levels](#) provided by SA Water as part of their business operations.

Further information

- [SA River Murray Flows page - Department for Environment and Water](#)
- [2022-23 River Murray Flood event](#)
- [Government of South Australia - State Disaster Recovery](#)
- [SA Water quality alerts - SA Health](#)
- [Real-time SA water data](#)
- [Current SA daily water levels](#)
- [Daily flow and water level information at key SA Water sites on the River Murray](#)
- [SA daily salinity information](#)
- [SA Marine safety](#)
- [Real time information - whole of River Murray system](#)
- [Whole River Murray System weekly reports](#)
- [Flows in the River Murray System including water for the environment](#)
- [Water for the environment actions in the Murray-Darling basin catchments](#)
- [NSW fish kills](#)
- [NSW algal alerts](#)

Bureau of Meteorology

- [SA rainfall and river conditions](#)
- [Victorian rainfall and river conditions](#)
- [NSW rainfall and river conditions](#)
- [Climate outlooks](#)
- [Climate drivers](#)

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